



北京大學
汇丰商学院

Peking University HSBC Business School

MGT 536/FIN 586 Technology Entrepreneurship 3rd Module, 2017-2018

Course Information

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Office Hour: Mondays 17:30-19:30 or by appointment

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Classes: Mondays & Thursdays 15:30am-17:20pm

Venue: PHBS Building, Room 211

1. Course Description

1.1 Course overview

There are two fundamentally different types of entrepreneurial ventures: those that exploit non-technology business opportunities; and those that exploit business opportunities derived from technology and innovation. This course addresses the needs of future entrepreneurs in the second category, focusing on the exploitation of technology and innovation opportunities in entrepreneurial venture design and implementation processes.

Specifically, this course covers topics in two main areas: (1) Key concepts and principles in technology and innovation management, including the typology of technological innovation, competitive strategies based on technology and innovation, organizational structures facilitating innovation, etc. (2) Key concepts and principles in technology entrepreneurship, including the identification of emerging technology trends and opportunities, the value creation and value appropriation through technology ventures.

1.2 Textbooks and Reading Materials

1.2.1 Textbook

1. Technology Ventures: From Idea to Enterprise, Thomas H. Byers, Richard C. Dorf, Andrew Nelson, McGraw Hill, 2011, Third Edition (either print or ebook from Amazon.com or coursesmart.com).

2. Innovation Management, Jin Chen, Gang Zheng, Peking University Press, Third Edition (in Chinese)

1.2.2 Reading

1. George Day. Is it real? Can we win? Is it worth doing? Managing risk and reward in an innovation portfolio. Harvard Business Review. December 2007.

2. William Sahlman. How to write a great business plan? Harvard Business Review. July-August 1997.

2. Learning Outcomes

2.1 Intended Learning Outcomes

Learning Goals	Objectives	Assessment
1. Our graduates will be effective communicators.	1.1. Our students will produce quality business and research-oriented documents.	Yes
	1.2. Students are able to professionally present their ideas and also logically explain and defend their argument.	Yes
2. Our graduates will be skilled in team work and leadership.	2.1. Students will be able to lead and participate in group for projects, discussion, and presentation.	Yes
	2.2. Students will be able to apply leadership theories and related skills.	
3. Our graduates will be trained in ethics.	3.1. In a case setting, students will use appropriate techniques to analyze business problems and identify the ethical aspects, provide a solution and defend it.	Yes
	3.2. Our students will practice ethics in the duration of the program.	
4. Our graduates will have a global perspective.	4.1. Students will have an international exposure.	Yes
5. Our graduates will be skilled in problem-solving and critical thinking.	5.1. Our students will have a good understanding of fundamental theories in their fields.	Yes
	5.2. Our students will be prepared to face problems in various business settings and find solutions.	Yes
	5.3. Our students will demonstrate competency in critical thinking.	Yes

2.2 Course specific objectives

This course offers students a unique opportunity to learn about:

- (1) The identification and evaluation of technology and innovation-based business opportunities,
- (2) The exploitation of valuable technology and innovation-based business opportunities, through the design of best-fit entrepreneurial ventures,
- (3) The various aspects of technology venture management decision-making, including competition, market and customers, financing, business model, team and organization, intellectual property, etc.

2.3 Assessment/Grading Details

1. Individual	
- Class participation (including attendance)	20%
2. Group	
- Paper presentation/Case analysis	20%
- New Technology Venture Project	
1. Technology Opportunity Analysis & Idea Pitch	30%
2. Business Plan Presentation	30%
	Total: 100%

2.4 Academic Honesty and Plagiarism

It is important for a student's effort and credit to be recognized through class assessment. Credits earned for a student work due to efforts done by others are clearly unfair. Deliberate dishonesty is considered academic misconducts, which include plagiarism; cheating on assignments or examinations; engaging in unauthorized collaboration on academic work; taking, acquiring, or using test materials without faculty permission; submitting false or incomplete records of academic achievement; acting alone or in cooperation with another to falsify records or to obtain dishonestly grades, honors, awards, or professional endorsement; or altering, forging, or misusing a University academic record; or fabricating or falsifying of data, research procedures, or data analysis.

All assessments are subject to academic misconduct check. Misconduct check may include reproducing the assessment, providing a copy to another member of faculty, and/or communicate a copy of this assignment to the PHBS Discipline Committee. A suspected plagiarized document/assignment submitted to a plagiarism checking service may be kept in its database for future reference purpose.

Where violation is suspected, penalties will be implemented. The penalties for academic misconduct may include: deduction of honour points, a mark of zero on the assessment, a fail grade for the whole course, and reference of the matter to the Peking University Registrar.

For more information of plagiarism, please refer to *PHBS Student Handbook*.

3. Topics, Teaching and Assessment Schedule

Week 1 – Introduction

Session #1 **Course Overview**

Session #2 **Technology Entrepreneur**

Paper

Sarasvathy SD. 2001. Causation and effectuation: Toward a theoretical shift from economic inevitability to entrepreneurial contingency. *Academy of Management Review* 26(2): 243-263.

Week 2 - Technology Innovation Basics

Session #3 **Concept of Technological Innovation**

Session #4 **Technological Innovation Management**

Case

Design thinking and innovation at Apple

Week 3 - Finding Technology Opportunity

Session #5 **Opportunity Identification**

Paper

Shane S. 2000. Prior knowledge and the discovery of entrepreneurial opportunities. *Organization science* 11(4): 448-469.

Session #6

Technology Industry Analysis

Paper

Agarwal, R., Sarkar, M. B., & Echambadi, R. 2002. The Conditioning Effect of Time on Firm Survival: An Industry Life Cycle Approach. *Academy of Management Journal*, 45(5): 971-994.

Week 4 – Technology-based Strategy

Session #7

Technology-based Marketing Strategy

Case

Huawei-Leica Alliance: Reinventing Smartphone Photography or Building Brand Image

Session #8

Technology-based Competitive Strategy

Case

Tesla's China Drive

Week 5 - Technology Opportunity Analysis

Session #9

*****Tech Opportunity Analysis & Idea Pitch*****

Session #10

*****Tech Opportunity Analysis & Idea Pitch*****

Week 6 - Technology Venture Formation

Session #11

Team Building

Case

Deltecs InfoTech: Scaling an Indian Start-up

Session #12

Resource Orchestration

Paper

Baker T, Nelson RE. 2005. Creating something from nothing: Resource construction through entrepreneurial bricolage. *Administrative science quarterly* 50(3): 329-366.

Week 7 - Technology Venture Growth

Session #13

Technology Venture Financing

Case

Entrepreneurs at Twitter: Building a Brand, a Social Tool or a Tech Powerhouse?

Session #14

Growth and Exit

Case

Alibaba Group: Fostering an E-commerce Ecosystem

Week 8 - Technology Venture Operations

Session #15

Business Plan for Technology Ventures

Presentation

Session #16

Technology Ventures Risk Management

Case

Chery Automobile: Chinese Firms Catching Up

Week 9 - Final Presentation

Session #17

***** Business Plan Presentation *****

Session #18

***** Business Plan Presentation *****