

# Asset Valuation Theory Module 1, Fall Semester, 2019

## **Course Information**

**Instructor:** Fritz Koger, CFA, PhD Office: PHBS Building, Room 752 Phone: Best to reach me via email Email: fritzkoger@phbs.pku.edu.cn

Email is the best way to contact me for questions regarding course content. I request that the student send me no emails regarding his/her absence. Such emails are not needed. Any email regarding the content of the course, i.e., the topics, including questions, will be warmly addressed in a timely manner! ©

Office Hours: 8:00 – 9:00, Mondays, or by appointment.

### Teaching Assistants:

**TBD** 

**Lectures:** Monday and Thursday: 10:30 - 12:20.

Venue: PHBS Building; Room: 403

Course Website: None

#### 1. Course Description

#### 1.1 Context

**Course overview**: This course is intended for students who wish to learn and analyze the concepts of asset valuation. The course is broad in nature as opposed to deep. It introduces the student to a wide range of topics, hoping to inspire deeper pursuit of various topics covered in this course. Though the name of the course implies theory, homework and exam problems emphasize applications with numerical solutions. While relevant financial principles and formulas are important, much of the focus in lectures is on how to analyze situations in finance. Such skill is particularly useful to the student in attacking problems in his/her career that are unfamiliar to him/her.

In summary, the purpose of the course is two-fold. The student will learn (a) principles of how to analyze problems, and (b) methods and key results in valuing assets. As this is a course in finance, it is quantitative in nature.

<u>Topics include</u>: basics in both accounting (financial accounting statements and various cash flow definitions) and in finance; factors influencing rates of return, measures of return performance, risky asset portfolio efficient frontier without and with a risk-free asset, capital market line (CML), security market line (SML), asset pricing models, financial statement analysis and ratio valuation techniques, fundamental analysis, discounted cash flow techniques, bond analysis (pricing, Malkiel results, price-

yield approximations, pricing between coupon dates), and option analysis (binomial model, Black-Scholes-Merton model).

<u>Learning Goals</u>: Emphasis is placed on problem-solving and critical thinking. The student will improve their understanding of finance principles and more importantly, learn how to apply them to problems beyond those studied in this course.

<u>Course Prerequisites</u>: Courses such as (a) corporate finance, (b) financial economics, and (c) investments would be helpful, though not necessary. Per school policy, the school reserves the right to evaluate a student's background for preparedness.

#### 1.2 Textbooks and Reading Materials

Koger, F. H., "Asset Valuation Theory".

#### Supplemental Textbooks, which include plenty of practice problems:

Brown and Reilly, "Analysis of Investment and Management of Portfolios", 9<sup>th</sup> Ed., South-Western Cengage Learning.

Damodaran, "Investment Valuation", 3rd Ed., ISBN-13: 978-1118011522

Pinto, Henry, Robinson and Stowe, "Equity Asset Valuation", CFA Institute, Investment Series, Wiley; 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., ISBN-10: 0470571438, ISBN-13: 978-0470571439

Larrabee and Voss, "Valuation Techniques: Discounted Cash Flow, Earnings Quality, Measures of Value Added, and Real Options", CFA Institute, Investment Perspectives, Wiley, 1<sup>st</sup> Ed., ISBN-10: 1118397436, ISBN-13: 978-1118397435

McKinsey & Company, Inc., Koller, Goedhart and Wessels, "Valuation: Measuring and Managing the Value of Companies", Wiley, 5th Ed., ISBN-10: 0470424656, ISBN-13: 978-0470424650

McKinsey & Company, Inc., "Valuation Workbook: Step-by-Step Exercises and Tests to Help You Master Valuation Paperback", Wiley, 5th Ed., ISBN-10: 0470424648, ISBN-13: 978-0470424643

Fabozzi and Markowitz, "The Theory and Practice of Investment Management: Asset Allocation, Valuation, Portfolio Construction, and Strategies", Wiley, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., ISBN-13: 978-0470929902

Bodie, Kane and Marcus, "Investments", 10th Ed., ISBN-13: 978-0077861674

Ross, Westerfield and Jaffe, "Corporate Finance", 10th Ed., ISBN-10: 0078034779

## 2. Learning Outcomes

### 2.1 Intended Learning Outcomes

Learning Goals	Objectives	Assessment
1. Our graduates will be effective	1.1. Our students will produce quality business and research-oriented	
communicators.	documents.	
	1.2. Students are able to professionally	
	present their ideas and also logically explain and defend their argument.	
2. Our graduates will	2.1. Students will be able to lead and	
be skilled in team work	participate in group for projects,	
and leadership.	discussion, and presentation.	

	2.2. Students will be able to apply leadership theories and related skills.	
3. Our graduates will be trained in ethics.	3.1. In a case setting, students will use appropriate techniques to analyze business problems and identify the ethical aspects, provide a solution and defend it.  3.2. Our students will practice ethics in the duration of the program.	
4. Our graduates will have a global perspective.	4.1. Students will have an international exposure.	
5. Our graduates will be skilled in problem- solving and critical	5.1. Our students will have a good understanding of fundamental theories in their fields.	
thinking.	5.2. Our students will be prepared to face problems in various business settings and find solutions.	
	5.3. Our students will demonstrate competency in critical thinking.	

## 2.2 Assessment/Grading Details

<u>Guidelines</u>: There are two overarching themes: the professor's aims are (1) to be as fair as possible to everyone, and (2) create the optimal learning environment for everyone! The professor firmly believes that treating individuals differently is inherently unfair. Thus, everyone will be treated identically the same. ©

<u>Grading</u>: Scores on exams will be adjusted as needed to ensure that the school's guidelines for grade distributions are satisfied. There are no make-up exams.

Anything discussed in a lecture or included in the course textbook is fair game on an exam. The exam will be cumulative.

<u>Subjective Evaluation</u>: 20% of the student's final score will be a subjective evaluation, based in part, on his/her punctuality, attendance, classroom behavior, preparedness, etc... The student is expected to attend lectures and to be punctual so as to not disturb an ongoing lecture.

There is no need to inform the professor that the student will be absent or to explain an absence afterward. The student should refrain from sending corresponding emails. The professor treats each student as an adult, and as such, does not judge the student's absences per reasons. There is no prejudice regarding absences.

The student's final grade will be determined via

20% (Subjective Evaluation) + 30% (Homework Average) + 50% (Final Exam Score).

<u>Calculator Policy</u>: There is no sharing of calculators. Spare batteries are allowed to ensure against battery failure. To the student's advantage, the final answer of a problem is worth extremely little. The vast majority of credit per problem is due to setting it up and inserting numbers correctly. Hence, the student must show his/her work in order to receive (partial) credit.

## 2.3 Academic Honesty and Plagiarism

It is important for a student's effort and credit to be recognized through class assessment. Credits earned for a student work due to efforts done by others are clearly unfair. Deliberate dishonesty is considered academic misconducts, which include plagiarism; cheating on assignments or examinations; engaging in unauthorized collaboration on academic work; taking, acquiring, or using test materials without faculty permission; submitting false or incomplete records of academic achievement; acting alone or in cooperation with another to falsify records or to obtain dishonestly grades, honors, awards, or professional endorsement; or altering, forging, or misusing a University academic record; or fabricating or falsifying of data, research procedures, or data analysis.

All assessments are subject to academic misconduct check. Misconduct check may include reproducing the assessment, providing a copy to another member of faculty, and/or communicate a copy of this assignment to the PHBS Discipline Committee. A suspected plagiarized document/assignment submitted to a plagiarism checking service may be kept in its database for future reference purpose.

Where violation is suspected, penalties will be implemented. The penalties for academic misconduct may include: deduction of honour points, a mark of zero on the assessment, a fail grade for the whole course, and reference of the matter to the Peking University Registrar.

For more information of plagiarism, please refer to PHBS Student Handbook.

**Statement about Academic Integrity:** This class will be conducted in full accordance with PKU's policies about academic integrity. Anyone caught cheating will be punished as the school permits. Each student is expected to follow guidelines on tests that are given to him/her beforehand.

# 3. Topics, Teaching and Assessment Schedule

**Course Topics**: See list of topics on previous page.

#### 4. Miscellaneous

<u>Educational Norms and Expectations</u>: The student is responsible for material covered in any lecture that he/she misses. If the student misses a lecture, he/she should retrieve the lecture notes from a classmate.

Add/Drop the Course: This will be consistent with the school's policy.

**Other**: Any issue not specifically addressed here will be handled at the discretion of the professor.

<u>Course Textbook</u>: Koger, F. H., "Asset Valuation Theory". Text Book Chapters refer to those of the course textbook.

Week	Days and Dates	Text Book Chapter*	HOMEWORKS
1	Mon (Sep 02) and Thurs (Sep 05)	Ch. 1; Hand out textbook;	
		Ch. 2, Excel Day 2	
2	Mon (Sep 9) and Thurs (Sep 12)	Ch. 3, Excel Ch. 3;	Team Selection by lecture 4
		Finish Ch. 3, $\sigma(I \rho)$ and	8:00 am Thursday Sep 12
		Excel $\sigma(I \rho)$ , Begin Ch. 4	
		(Sharpe Investment opportunity	
		set; 3 PDF graphs 4.1 - 4.3)	
3	Mon (Sep 16) and Thurs (Sep 19)	Finish Ch. 4, $U(\sigma,r)$ and two	HW #1 08:00
		graphs in PDF, 4.4 and 4.5,	Monday Sep 16, 2018
		Ch. 5;	
		Ch. 6 Excel (market	
_		Model; APT),	
4	Monday (Sep 23) and Thurs (Sep	most of Ch. 7 (less FCF,FCFE,	
	26)	TECF);	Thursday Sep 26, 2018
_	NO CLASS S 120 12 12	Finish Ch. 7, Begin Ch. 8	
5	NO CLASS Sept 30 and Oct 3	Continue Ch. 8;	
6	Mon (Oct 07) and Thurs (Oct 10)	Finish Ch. 8, Most of Ch. 9;	
0	Mon (Oct 14) and Thurs (Oct 17)	Ch. 10; Finish Ch. 9, Excel (7,8,9),	
		Ch. 11, Excel (Ch. 11)	
7	Mon (Oct 21) and Thurs (Oct 24)	Section 12.1 and key results	HW #3 08:00
,	Wion (Oct 21) and Thurs (Oct 24)	From 12.2, Begin Ch. 13;	Monday Oct. 21, 2018
		Finish Ch. 13, Excel (Ch. 13),	11011111
		Ch. 14;	
8	Mon (Oct 28) and Thurs (Oct 31)	Ch. 15, Begin Ch. 16 if time;	
		Ch. 16 (call, put, pp, collar,	
		Put-call spot parity); Begin	
		Ch. 17, delta-hedge, replicating	
		portfolio, risk-neutral	
		valuation of a call.	
9	Mon (Nov 04) and Thurs (Nov	Finish Ch. 17 (Euro option	HW #4 08:00
	07)	via discounted expected	Monday Nov 04, 2018
		expiration date payoffs),	
		Chs. 18, 19;	
		Excel (18,19) Ch. 20 (Plank Sahalas regults	
		Ch. 20 (Black Scholes results only, and put value via put-	
		call spot parity, Excel (20)	
Final	Monday (Nov 11)	can spot parity, Exect (20)	
Exam	Time: 8:30-11:00; Room: TBD		
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<sup>\*</sup>Chapters refer to those of "Asset Valuation Theory", by Frank H. Koger.

<u>HW#1</u>: Ch.1 (1,2,3,5,7,8); Ch.2 (1-10); Ch.3 (1,2,4-7);

<u>HW#2</u>: Ch.4 (1-4); Ch.5 (1-6,9,10); Ch.6 (1,4); Ch.7 (1-4,6-8);

<u>HW#3</u>: Ch.8 (3-5,7-9); Ch.9 (1-5); Ch.10 (1-11); Ch.11 (1-3);

<u>HW#4</u>: Ch.13 (1-7,9); Ch.14 (1,2); Ch.15 (1,2,3,6); Ch.16 (1,4,6,7,9);

**Practice**: Ch.17(1-7); Ch.18 (1-7); Ch.19(1,2); Ch.18 (1-5);