

# FIN 530 (S4) Corporate Finance Module 2, 2019-2020

#### **Course Information**

Instructor: DuckKi (John) Cho
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Office Hour: Monday & Thursday 13:30-15:30 (or by appointment via email)

Teaching Assistant:

Phone: Email:

Classes

Lectures: Monday & Thursday 10:30-12:20

Venue: PHBS Building, Room 313

#### 1. Course Description

#### 1.1 Context

#### Course overview:

In the first part of this course, we will focus on the practical aspects of corporate finance, i.e., "valuation": understanding the value implications of investment and financing decisions that firms make. We will build on the time value of money concepts and risk and return concepts that you have learned in earlier finance courses. However, this class is much more detailed and practical. As you will see, a large component of the grade comes from real-life projects, which require complex spreadsheet modeling in Excel. The in-class exercises and exams will also handle applications of concepts to solving real-life problems faced by businesses. We will also make extensive use of some of the accounting concepts. So, it's a good idea to brush up on your accounting concepts, specifically, the organization of the balance sheet and the income statement. In the second part of this course, you will have an opportunity to get exposed to academic papers that emphasizes the theoretical foundations of corporate finance. This exercise will enable you to bridge a gap between theoretical and practical aspects of corporate finance.

By the end of this course, you should be able to:

- Evaluate corporate projects and make decisions based on financial data.
- Analyze a firm's financial statements and value the firm.
- Understand how investment and financing decisions impact the value of the firm.
- Develop complex spreadsheet models in Excel.
- Understand key theoretical papers and corresponding solution techniques.

The course is a mix of lecture and discussion. Lecture notes must be downloaded from the course website before class. I expect students to come to class prepared for active participation. Class attendance is strongly encouraged and is required during group presentations. To make

the most efficient use of limited class time, students who miss a class or are late are responsible themselves for getting notes, assignments, and announcements from their classmates. It is your responsibility to keep yourself informed of important developments pertaining to the course. Keeping your University email account updated is important. We do problems in class, so bring a calculator. A basic financial calculator is best, though a good basic scientific calculator that does powers is fine. Solutions to in-class exercises will not be distributed or posted.

Please remember to turn off your cell phone before class.

Prerequisites: N/A

## 1.2 Textbooks and Reading Materials

Lecture notes, assignments, academic articles and other useful information will be posted on the course web page.

**Required Text:** Corporate Finance by Ross, Westerfield, Jaffe, and Jordan, McGraw-Hill Inc., 11<sup>th</sup> Edition

**Reference Text:** Financial Markets & Corporate Strategy by Grinblatt and Titman, McGraw-Hill/Irwin, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition

**Reference Text:** The Theory of Corporate Finance by Tirole, Princeton University Press.

## 2. Learning Outcomes

## 2.1 Intended Learning Objectives / Outcomes

| Learning Goals   | Objectives/Outcomes  | Assessment |
|--|--|------------|
| Our graduates will be effective  | 1.1. Our students will produce quality business and research-oriented documents.   | √          |
| communicators.   | 1.2. Students are able to professionally present their ideas and also logically explain and defend their argument.   | √          |
| <ol><li>Our graduates will be<br/>skilled in team work and<br/>leadership.</li></ol> | <ol> <li>2.1. Students will be able to lead and<br/>participate in group for projects, discussion,<br/>and presentation.</li> </ol>  | √          |
|  | 2.2. Students will be able to apply leadership theories and related skills.  |            |
| 3. Our graduates will be trained in ethics.  | 3.1. In a case setting, students will use<br>appropriate techniques to analyze business<br>problems and identify the ethical aspects,<br>provide a solution and defend it. |            |
|  | 3.2. Our students will practice ethics in the duration of the program.   |            |
| 4. Our graduates will have a global perspective.                                     | 4.1. Students will have an international exposure.   | <b>√</b>   |
| 5. Our graduates will be skilled in problem-solving and critical                     | 5.1. Our students will have a good understanding of fundamental theories in their fields.  | √          |
| thinking.  | 5.2. Our students will be prepared to face problems in various business settings and find solutions.   | √          |
|  | 5.3. Our students will demonstrate competency in critical thinking.  | √          |

# 2.2 Course specific objectives

# 2.3 Assessment/Grading Details

| Assessment task            | Weighting |
|----------------------------|-----------|
| Mid-term Exam              | 120       |
| Final Project* Write-up    | 50        |
| Final Project Presentation | 40        |
| Class participation        | 20        |
| Quizzes                    | 20        |
| Total                      | 250       |

<sup>\*</sup>Details will be announced later.

#### 2.4 Academic Honesty and Plagiarism

It is important for a student's effort and credit to be recognized through class assessment. Credits earned for a student work due to efforts done by others are clearly unfair. Deliberate dishonesty is considered academic misconducts, which include plagiarism; cheating on assignments or examinations; engaging in unauthorized collaboration on academic work; taking, acquiring, or using test materials without faculty permission; submitting false or incomplete records of academic achievement; acting alone or in cooperation with another to falsify records or to obtain dishonestly grades, honors, awards, or professional endorsement; or altering, forging, or misusing a University academic record; or fabricating or falsifying of data, research procedures, or data analysis.

All assessments are subject to academic misconduct check. Misconduct check may include reproducing the assessment, providing a copy to another member of faculty, and/or communicate a copy of this assignment to the PHBS Discipline Committee. A suspected plagiarized document/assignment submitted to a plagiarism checking service may be kept in its database for future reference purpose.

Where violation is suspected, penalties will be implemented. The penalties for academic misconduct may include: deduction of honour points, a mark of zero on the assessment, a fail grade for the whole course, and reference of the matter to the Peking University Registrar. For more information of plagiarism, please refer to *PHBS Student Handbook*.

## 3. Topics, Teaching and Assessment Schedule

| Weeks | Topics (tentative)   |
|-------|--|
| 1-2   | Introduction of corporate finance  |
|       | <ul><li>☐ Syllabus: administrative information</li><li>☐ What is corporate finance?</li><li>☐ Goal of a financial manager</li></ul>              |
|       | Review of financial tools  |
|       | <ul> <li>□ Valuation basics</li> <li>□ Time value of money, perpetuity, annuity</li> <li>□ Inflation, constant dollar adjustment</li> </ul>      |
|       | Reading List  Hart and Zingales, "Companies Should Maximize Shareholder Welfare Not Market Value", 2017, Journal of Law, Finance, and Accounting |

|     | Cash flows   |
|-----|--|
|     | <ul><li>☐ Accrual accounting</li><li>☐ Free cash flow vs. net income</li><li>☐ Examples (handouts)</li></ul>   |
|     | Capital budgeting  |
|     | <ul><li>☐ Incremental project cash flow</li><li>☐ Net present value, payback period, internal rate of return</li></ul>                                 |
| 2-3 | Comparing projects   |
|     | <ul><li>□ Projects of equal life</li><li>□ Equivalent annual cost</li><li>□ Setting the bid price, break-even analysis</li></ul>                       |
|     | Project analysis   |
|     | <ul> <li>□ Managerial options, value of options</li> <li>□ Scenario analysis</li> <li>□ Sensitivity analysis</li> <li>□ Simulation analysis</li> </ul> |
|     | Projecting sales growth  |
|     | ☐ Trends in sales growth ☐ Relation to industry ☐ Regression analysis / time-series analysis / theoretical (accounting identity) analysis              |
|     | Financial statement analysis   |
|     | ☐ Ratio analysis to forecast financial statement   |
| 3-4 | Financial statement analysis   |
|     | <ul><li>□ Dupont Identity (examples)</li><li>□ Operating Leverage</li></ul>  |
|     | Financial modelling  |
|     | ☐ Building pro-formas ☐ Relation between financial statements  |
|     | Discounted cash flow valuation   |
|     | ☐ Sequential Valuation   |
|     | Multiples valuation  |
|     | <ul><li>□ Definition of Market Ratios</li><li>□ Price-Earnings Ratio</li></ul>   |

| 4-5 | Cost of capital   |
|-----|---|
|     | <ul><li>□ WACC without and with taxes</li><li>□ Divisional WACC</li></ul>   |
|     | Capital structure (I): Perfect market   |
|     | <ul> <li>□ Proposition I: WACC</li> <li>□ Proposition II: Cost of equity</li> <li>□ Business and financial risk</li> <li>□ Unlevering beta / levering beta</li> </ul>   |
|     | Reading List  ☐ Modigliani and Miller, "The Cost of Capital, Corporation Finance, and the Theory of Investment", 1958, American Economic Review  ☐ Modigliani and Miller, "Corporate Income Taxes and the Cost of Capital: A Correction", 1963, American Economic Review  ☐ Berger and Ofek, "Diversification's Effect on Firm Value", 1995, Journal of Financial Economics   |
|     | Capital structure (II): Imperfect market  |
|     | <ul> <li>□ WACC with taxes</li> <li>□ WACC with bankruptcy costs</li> <li>□ Incorporating changes in leverage</li> <li>□ Value of levered firm</li> <li>□ Dollar gain from tax benefit</li> <li>□ Dollar cost due to bankruptcy</li> </ul>  |
|     | Capital structure (III): The real world   |
|     | ☐ Agency costs: Debtholders and shareholders ☐ Agency costs: Managers and shareholders  |
|     | Reading List  ☐ Jensen and Meckling, "Theory of the Firm: Managerial Behavior, Agency Cost, and Capital Structure", 1976, Journal of Financial Economics  |
| 5-6 | Agency cost and information asymmetry   |
|     | <ul> <li>□ Agency costs</li> <li>□ Equity holder vs. manager</li> <li>□ Debt holder vs. equity holder</li> <li>□ Large shareholders vs. minority shareholders ("free-rider")</li> <li>□ Convertibles</li> <li>□ Capital structure</li> </ul>  |
|     | Reading List  Jensen and Meckling, "Theory of the Firm: Managerial Behavior, Agency Cost, and Capital Structure", 1976, Journal of Financial Economics  Myers and Majluf, "Corporate Financing and Investment Decisions When Firms Have Information that Investors Do Not Have", 1984, Journal of Financial Economics Green, "Investment Incentives, Debt and Warrants", 1984, Journal of Financial Economics Shleifer and Vishny, "Large Shareholders and Corporate Control", 1986, Journal of Political Economy |

|     | Raising capital  ☐ IPOs ☐ Private equity market ☐ Rights ☐ Corporate bond  Reading List ☐ Rock, "Why New Issues are Underpriced?", 1986, Journal of Financial Economics  |
|-----|--|
| 6-7 | Payout policy (I)  ☐ Types of dividends ☐ Irrelevancy of dividends ☐ Taxes ☐ Stock repurchases   |
|     | Payout policy (II)  ☐ The real world ☐ Dividend clienteles ☐ Signalling under asymmetric information  Reading List ☐ Miller and Rock, "Dividend Policy Under Asymmetric Information", 1985, Journal of Finance                   |
| 7-8 | MIDTERM (18:30 – 21:30, Dec 26 - Thursday)<br>No Classes on Jan 2 and Jan 6  |
| 8-9 | Corporate governance    Executive compensation   Board of directors  OR  Endogeneity issues in empirical research  Final project DUE (Jan 8 - Wednesday)  Group presentations (Jan 9 and 13: in-class)  Mandatory attendance day |