

FIN 535 Mergers and Acquisitions Module 4, 2020-2021

Course Information

Instructor: Seungjoon Oh
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Office Hour: Monday 12:00-1:00pm (or by appointment via email)

Teaching Assistant: TBD

Classes:

Lectures: Mon & Thur 13:30-15:20 Venue: PHBS Building, Room TBD

1. Course Description

1.1 Context

Course overview:

The primary objective of the course is to develop a comprehensive understanding of mergers and acquisitions (M&A) in both academic and practical perspectives. This course will cover all major elements of the acquisition process focusing on financing decisions, valuation, restructuring options, cross-border acquisitions, and regulatory intervention. It will cover seminal theoretical and empirical literature and current research works in this field. It will also use cases and real-world applications to develop skills necessary to prepare and evaluate the rationale for a proposed transaction.

Prerequisites:

The course presumes that students have taken basic courses in accounting, economics, finance and econometrics before taking this course. Students are recommended to have completed the following courses: "Corporate Finance".

1.2 Textbooks and Reading Materials

Lecture notes, assignments, academic articles and other useful information will be posted on the course web page.

Reference Text: Investment Banking by Rosenbaum and Pearl

Reference Text: Applied Mergers and Acquisitions by Robert F. Bruner, University Edition

2. Learning Outcomes

2.1 Intended Learning Outcomes

Learning Goals	Objectives	Assessment (YES
		with details or
		NO)

Our graduates will be effective	1.1. Our students will produce quality business and research-oriented documents.	
communicators.	1.2. Students are able to professionally	
	present their ideas and also logically explain	
	and defend their argument.	
2. Our graduates will be	2.1. Students will be able to lead and	
skilled in team work and leadership.	participate in group for projects, discussion, and presentation.	
	2.2. Students will be able to apply	
	leadership theories and related skills.	
3. Our graduates will be	3.1. In a case setting, students will use	
trained in ethics.	appropriate techniques to analyze business	
	problems and identify the ethical aspects,	
	provide a solution and defend it.	
	3.2. Our students will practice ethics in the duration of the program.	
4. Our graduates will	4.1. Students will have an international	
have a global	exposure.	
perspective.	•	
5. Our graduates will be	5.1. Our students will have a good	
skilled in problem-	understanding of fundamental theories in	
solving and critical	their fields.	
thinking.	5.2. Our students will be prepared to face	
	problems in various business settings and	
	find solutions.	
	5.3. Our students will demonstrate	
	competency in critical thinking.	

2.2 Course specific objectives

2.3 Assessment/Grading Details

Assessment task	Weighting
Mid-term Exam	40
Final Team Project	40
Case study discussion and Assignments	12
Class participation	8
Total	100

Team Project:

Students will be asked to form teams of 5 individuals prior to the start of the second session of the class to prepare a class presentation on a pre-specified topic. Presentations will be arranged during the last week of the class (week 9). Your team project includes a final report which should be turned in electronically by the one week after the week 9. Each team should choose one of the following topics:

Topic 1: Cross-Border Acquisitions

The objective of this project is to understand cross-border acquisition process by identifying an oversea target and analysing it. Your group will prepare a proposal on cross-border investment and present your valuation results and investment plan to the class. An outline of the topics your project should cover will be provided.

Topic 2: Technological and Political Shock-Driven Acquisitions

Economic, regulatory and technological shocks drive industry merger waves. (Harford 2005). Particularly, many recent acquisitions are driven by synergies from innovation capability or in response to a new government policy. The objective of this project is to investigate recent changes in technological trends or government policies and build an investment plan. An outline of the topics your project should cover will be provided.

Topic 3: Study of Distressed Target Acquisitions

The objective of this project is to investigate a M&A transaction that includes financially or economically distressed target. Firms that face a severe liquidity constraint may be forced to sell some or all of their assets to avoid bankruptcy. Thus, distressed acquisitions play an important role as a restructuring mechanism. Your group will prepare a proposal on distressed target acquisition and present your valuation results and investment plan to the class. An outline of the topics your project should cover will be provided.

2.4 Academic Honesty and Plagiarism

It is important for a student's effort and credit to be recognized through class assessment. Credits earned for a student work due to efforts done by others are clearly unfair. Deliberate dishonesty is considered academic misconducts, which include plagiarism; cheating on assignments or examinations; engaging in unauthorized collaboration on academic work; taking, acquiring, or using test materials without faculty permission; submitting false or incomplete records of academic achievement; acting alone or in cooperation with another to falsify records or to obtain dishonestly grades, honors, awards, or professional endorsement; or altering, forging, or misusing a University academic record; or fabricating or falsifying of data, research procedures, or data analysis.

All assessments are subject to academic misconduct check. Misconduct check may include reproducing the assessment, providing a copy to another member of faculty, and/or communicate a copy of this assignment to the PHBS Discipline Committee. A suspected plagiarized document/assignment submitted to a plagiarism checking service may be kept in its database for future reference purpose.

Where violation is suspected, penalties will be implemented. The penalties for academic misconduct may include: deduction of honour points, a mark of zero on the assessment, a fail grade for the whole course, and reference of the matter to the Peking University Registrar.

For more information of plagiarism, please refer to PHBS Student Handbook.

3. Topics, Teaching and Assessment Schedule

Topics, reaching and Assessment Schedule		
Week	Topic	
1	Introduction: M&A Activity Organic growth vs. Inorganic growth	
	Theory of Takeovers	
	Drivers of M&A activity and merger waves	
	Merger negotiation v. Public tender offer	
	Method of Payment and Financing M&A Leveraged buyout (LBO)	
	Reading List	
	Jovanovic and Rousseau (2002), The Q-theory of mergers, American	
	Economic Review	
	Harford (2005), What drives merger waves?, Journal of Financial	
	Economics	

2-3 Does M&A create value? Measurement of performance (calculating abnormal return) Tender offers and the free-rider problem Drivers of profitability Synergy creation Reading List Betton, Eckbo, Thorburn (2008), Corporate Takeovers: Chapter 3 and 4 Bena and Li (2014), Corporate Innovations and Mergers and Acquisitions, Journal of Finance 4-5 **M&A Valuation** Valuation and financial modeling Building the financial model Estimating the cost of capital Financial accounting for M&A Case Study H. J. Heinz M&A by David P. Stowell and Nicholas Kawar **Cross-Border M&A** 6 Cross-Border M&A activity Drivers and returns from cross-border M&A Valuation of cross-border firm Taxation of cross-border M&A Reverse mergers Case Study Dalian Wanda Group: The AMC Entertainment Acquisition, by Willy Shih Reading List Ahern (2014), Lost in Translation? The Effect of Cultural Values on Mergers Around the World, Journal of Financial Economics 7 **M&A** and Corporate Restructuring Valuing distressed businesses Bankruptcy auctions and fire-sales Divestitures, spin-offs, and equity carve-outs Distressed debt investments 8-9 Takeovers, competition and antitrust Efficiency vs. market power Effects of merger on rival firms Effects of merger on suppliers and customers

Some implications for antitrust policy